WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

- 1 1. An isolated phosphorylated mammalian DARPP-32 protein comprising a
- 2 phosphorylated threonine residue; wherein the threonine residue can be reversibly
- 3 phosphorylated and dephosphorylated; and wherein when the threonine residue is.
- 4 dephosphorylated, it can be phosphorylated by Cdk5.
- 1 2. The phosphorylated mammalian DARPP-32 protein of Claim 1 which can
- 2 inhibit the kinase activity of cAMP-dependent protein kinase (PKA).
- 1 3. The phosphorylated mammalian DARPP-32 protein of Claim 2 wherein the
- 2 DARPP-32 protein has the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:1 or SEQ ID NO:1
- 3 with a conservative amino acid substitution, and the threonine residue is the seventy-
- 4 fifth (75) amino acid residue of the amino acid sequence.
- 1 4. A phosphorylated fragment of a DARPP-32 protein, wherein the fragment of
- 2 the DARPP-32 protein comprises a phosphorylated threonine residue that when
- 3 dephosphorylated, can be phosphorylated by Cdk5.
- 1 5. The phosphory ated fragment of a DARPP-32 protein of Claim 4, wherein the
- 2 DARPP-32 protein has the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:1 or SEQ ID NO:1
- 3 with a conservative amino acid substitution, and the threonine residue is the seventy-
- 4 fifth (75) amino acid residue of the amino acid sequence.
- 1 6. A fusion peptide comprising the phosphorylated fragment of a DARPP-32
- 2 protein of Claim 4.
- 1 7. A chimeric protein comprising the phosphorylated mammalian DARPP-32
- 2 protein of/Claim 1.



- 1 8. A phosphorylation state-specific antibody having specificity for
- 2 Thr75-phosphorylated DARPP-32 having the amino acid/sequence of SEQ ID NO:1.
- 1 9. The antibody of Claim 8 which is a monoclonal antibody.
- 1 10. The antibody of Claim 9 which is a chimeric antibody.
- 1 11. A method of identifying an agent that can modulate the phosphorylation state of
- 2 Thr75 DARPP-32 comprising:
- 3 (a) contacting a potential agent with Cdk5 or an analog thereof, and
- 4 DARPP-32 or a Cdk5 phosphorylatable fragment of DARPP-32; and
- 5 (b) determining the amount and/or rate of phosphorylation of DARPP-32 or
- 6 the Cdk5 phosphorylatable fragment of DARPP-32; wherein the potential agent is
- 7 identified as an agent that can modulate the phosphorylation state of Thr75 DARPP-32
- 8 if the amount and/of pate of phosphorylation of DARPP-32 or the Cdk5
- 9 phosphorylatable fragment of DARPP-32 determined is significantly changed in the
- 10 presence of the potential agent relative to in its absence.
- 1 12. The method of Claim 11 further comprising:
- 2 (c) confacting the agent with an alternative protein kinase and a substrate
- 3 for that alternative kinase; wherein the alternative kinase is known not to
- 4 phosphorylate DARPP-32 on Threonine-75; and
- 5 (d) /determining the amount and/or rate of phosphorylation of the substrate;
- 6 wherein the agent is identified as an agent that can modulate the phosphorylation state
- 7 of Thr75 DARPP-32 if the amount and/or rate of phosphorylation of the substrate is
- 8 not significantly changed in the presence of the agent relative to in its absence.



- 1 13. The method of Claim 12 further comprising:
- (e) administering the agent to a mouse along with a dopamine D1 receptor
- 3 agonist; wherein the administration of the dopamine D1 receptor agonist alone results
- 4 in an increase in the phosphorylation state of a cyclic-AMP dependent protein kinase
- 5 (PKA) substrate naturally occurring in the mouse; and
- 6 (f) determining the amount and/or rate of phosphorylation of the PKA
- 7 substrate; wherein the agent is identified when the amount and/or rate of
- 8 phosphorylation of the substrate is significantly decreased in the presence of the agent
- 9 relative to in its absence
- 1 /4. The method of Claim 13 wherein the agent can cross the blood brain barrier.
- 1 15. The method of Claim 14 further comprising:
- 2/ (g) administering the agent to a DARPP-32 knockout mouse along with a
- 3 dopamine D1 receptor agonist; wherein the administration of the dopamine D1
- 4 receptor agonist alone results in an increase in the phosphorylation state of a cyclic-
- 5 AMP dependent profein kinase (PKA) substrate naturally occurring in the mouse; and
- 6 (h) determining the amount and/or rate of phosphorylation of the PKA
- 7 substrate; wherein the agent is identified when the amount and/or rate of
- 8 phosphorylation ϕ f the substrate is not significantly changed in the presence of the
- 9 agent relative to in its absence.
- 16. A method for treating dopamine dysregulation in an individual comprising
- 2 administering to the patient and agent that either inhibits the phosphorylation of
- 3 Thr75-DARPP-32 or promofes the dephosphorylation of Thr75-DARPP-32.
- 1 17. The method of Claim 16, wherein the dopamine dysregulation leads to a
- 2 symptom characteristic of a condition selected from the group consisting of
- 3 schizophrenia, Parkinson's Disease, Tourette's syndrome, Huntington's disease,
- 4 attention deficit hyperactivity and drug abuse.

- 1 18. The method of Claim 16, wherein the agent can cross the blood brain barrier.
- 1 19. The method of Claim 16 wherein the phosphorylation of Thr75-DARPP-32 is
- 2 inhibited by inhibiting Cdk5.
- The method of Claim 19 wherein the agent is roscovitine.
- 1 21. The method of Claim 19 wherein the agent is a member of the class of
- 2 compound selected from the group consisting of an indirubin and a paullone.

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